

GERMANS WILL ATTEMPT DIPLOMATIC OFFENSIVE IS VIEW OF LATEST MOVE

DR. SOLF'S APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT STUDIED EFFORT AT DIVIDING ALLIED NATIONS BEFORE PEACE CONFAB

APPEAL TO SAILORS PURE BLUFF

Germany's military leaders have not yet given up the ghost and its reactionary statesmen will still play—or attempt to play—international politics. That was the one construction placed today upon the appeal of Dr. Solf, of the Berlin foreign office to President Wilson. Solf asked the President to use his influence to secure modification of the armistice terms. It is believed that this is the opening gun of a peace offensive with the hope of splitting the Allies on the questions to come before the peace table. While it is thought that the former iron-handed government of Germany will not obtain anything in the way of modification of terms, the President will have his mind upon the condition of the German people and will do all possible to ameliorate their condition as soon as they show a willingness and ability to govern themselves.

A threat by some of the German naval officers and the Soldier's Soviet to resist turning over a portion of the navy to the Allies caused little concern. America pursued its steady course today following the momentous flash that climaxed the most revolutionary 48 hours in the world's history. The question in business circles today was whether congress will modify its eight billion dollar revenue bill now as the virtual ending of the war, and the great question before the masses today was whether or not the war department will immediately send the boys home. Both of these were answered. The House Finance committee stated that excess profits of war contracts will pay the nation's war debts and there is no indication that the great bill will have any of its provisions changed. The government will require a large army for some time and it is largely improbable that any men now in uniform will be quick-released.

No reports of serious disturbances in Germany have been received in the United States up to mid-afternoon.

London, Nov. 12.—The British admiralty wireless has picked up a message from "the Commanders' and Soldiers' council" of the German war-ship Stassburg, addressed to all ships, torpedo boats, destroyers and submarines in the North sea and the Baltic. The message quotes extracts from the armistice which mean the destruction of us all; German comrades defend your country against this unheard-of presumption. Strong English forces are reported off the Skaw. Submarines in the Baltic except those on out post duty assemble at once in the Samsitz harbor.

That the armistice has aroused a new spirit of fight in some quarters of Germany was indicated by reports that the German fleet was ordered by the "Commanders' and Soldiers' council" to resist carrying out of the armistice terms. While any opposition to the German fleet could be disposed of promptly by the United States and the Allied forces President Wilson is virtually considering a prompt checking of the Bolshevik movement. He has promised the German people as soon as they restore order "a peace which our justly define their place among the nations" and one which "will enable them to live in security and contentment." Thus he appealed for order quickly. He warned that until then there is nothing for the United States and the associated nations to do but wait "with sympathy and patience for the awakening that will assuredly come at last."

In This Life.

We hear much of love to God, Christ spoke much of love to man. We make a great deal of peace with heaven. Christ made much of peace on earth. Religion is not a strange or added thing, but the inspiration of the secular life, the breathing of an eternal spirit through this temporal world.

Man and His Faith.

Faith is the sub-stratum of life; so that a man will be as he believes, and will believe as he lives.—Wm. M. Taylor.

DONATION OF \$1000 TO BIG WAR FUND CHEERS THE LEADERS

The big war work drive has started off with a rush in Clearfield. The various committees are on their toes to oversubscribe their allotment. The local headquarters was cheered Saturday night by an unsolicited check for \$1000 from one of the most prominent and large hearted business men. It is felt that this gift is a good omen, coming as it did before the drive was really under way and there are rumors of other large gifts to be received in the near future.

With the whole town wild with joy over the confirmation of the peace news, the local officials feel that there is no danger of our not backing up the boys. On the contrary, the whole thought and feeling of everyone seems to be "Well, they've put it over as we knew they would. The sky is the limit. Nothing is too good for them."

It is realized, however, that even with the enthusiasm in the air, there can be no let up of effort in view of the large amount to be raised. It will need the largest possible subscription from the man of small means, as well as the most generous gifts of the wealthiest citizens if we are to reach the allotment, let alone oversubscribe it. The quota for Clearfield county is \$165,000 of which Clearfield town is depended upon for a very large part. We know the cause for which this money is asked. We know that the boys need our support now more than ever, and that it will be a year, possibly two years, before they can all come home. Let us meet the solicitors with a smile and with our strongest financial support. Then when those boys do come home, we can look them in the eye and say "You did your duty until you were mustered out. So did we."

BOARD OF HEALTH NOTICE

Believing the conditions warrant such action the board of health directs that the ban against saloons, theatres, schools and other public assemblies be lifted to take effect Thursday morning, November 14th. The churches will open Sunday, November 17th.

By order of
BOARD OF HEALTH
John M. Urey, Secretary.

One and a half million men are needed to man and maintain the British navy.

DEMONSTRATION TO CELEBRATE VICTORY WAS A HUMMER

Well "The Day" has arrived. It was not "der tag" that one once Kaiser Bill and his goose-stepping baby killers used to toast and glut over; it was even a bigger day than that. It was the day when humanity throught the world rejoiced over the destruction and battering to pieces of the greatest and most ruthless war machine or war-making nation in the world's history.

The United States of America, the deciding factor in the crushing and blotting out of autocracy celebrated right royally, and it sure was fitting that this expression of the unbounded joy of our people be had and be given free rein.

Everybody did it. From Maine to California and Labrador to Florida the conditions and results were the same. The proud, happy American people simply raised L.

We did our share and Clearfield from the time The Progress made the announcement of the signing of the armistice at 3 a. m. was simply puffed up with the importance of doing the thing right. Nobody or a very few people had nerve enough to essay their usual daily avocations in the face of the general rejoicing and in consequence nobody worked, not even father.

They were all there with that noise. Well, however, and from early morning until we hit the hay about 11 p. m. the racket and din kept up. The record for long distance sticking to it was earned by the Third Ward Hose company and their fire truck while our Italian allies ran them a close second. The Italians were particularly happy over the great showing made by their native and adopted countries in the war for liberty and democracy and they showed it by the warmth and fervor of their rejoicing.

The parade at 7:30 was a magnificent spectacle and was participated in by several hundred automobiles and several thousand wildly enthusiastic citizens. Mayor Chase, with Marshals John M. Bain, Jack Eadie and C. E. Hoover were in charge and they handled the big mob in a highly capable manner.

The principal streets were traversed and when the march was finished at the court house corner the streets four ways from the diamond were a solid mass of humanity.

All were good natured and needed not did they have much if any artificial encouragement to get gay and make merry. Our Italian allies decorated the electric light pole with their early morning effigy of the Kaiser but Tony Martin headed another delegation with a stuffed figure labeled "Emperor Kark viva la Italia!" on a push cart which August Sansone trundled over the route of parade.

FLU SITUATION GOOD; ONE DEATH TODAY BAN TO GO THURSDAY

The influenza situation in Clearfield continues to get better daily despite the fact that according to reports of several of the doctors twenty-five new cases were visited yesterday, one physician claiming to have had fourteen new cases in his jurisdiction.

That there will be occasional cases here and there throughout the community for many weeks following the real epidemic goes without saying; that danger from the epidemic is past is equally true. Therefore, while every necessary precaution should be taken and as near an absolute quarantine as possible should be maintained in every home where the disease exists, it seems to us that the general business quarantine should be lifted in justice to the people generally affected. Every necessary precaution should and we believe has been taken, now let us resume normal conditions and have everybody get down to business.

The local health authorities adjourned to be congratulated upon the manner in which they handled the situation in Clearfield. Very much of the burden of stamping out the epidemic fell upon the capable shoulders of Borough Solicitor John M. Urey, who acted as secretary of the Board of Health through the emergency.

There was one death at the emergency hospital this morning. Mrs. Edgar Schoening of Textile avenue, passed away at 2:15 o'clock. Her death is peculiarly sad at this time, because her husband is with Gen. Pershing's army in France. She also leaves a little baby, born since the husband and father went overseas.

Mrs. Schoening developed pneumonia following an attack of influenza. She was 21 years of age.

There were but 28 patients at the upper emergency hospital this morning and 11 at the High school.

It is the intention to remove the patients from the High school building to the Children's Home tomorrow in order to give the school board an opportunity to get the building in shape for the resumption of school there on Monday next. All the patients are in shape to be moved except Miss Stewart, the nurse who contracted the disease in line of duty, and as she is somewhat improved today it is hoped she will be in condition to make the trip tomorrow.

It is the purpose of the local board of health now to open the schools, churches and business places on Thursday morning and if present conditions continue the official order allowing such opening will be issued and published tomorrow.

It was a great occasion and was very much enjoyed by everybody. Now let us get down to business.

EARLY PEACE CONFERENCE REGARDED AS UNLIKELY

Fred S. Ferguson

Paris, Nov. 12.—An early peace conference is not expected. It will be necessary for the Inter-Allied council first to organize, stabilize, and encourage the baby democracies released from the grasp of the Hohenzollern-Hapsburg mutualization. Although none of the Allied conferees can be quoted privately they lauded President Wilson's political offensive and declared it comparable to General Foch's military offensive. Germany's attempt at a political offensive failed as completely as did her effort of July on the military front. The unanimous agreement on the armistice terms at Versailles confronted Germany with a diplomatic Chateaux Thierry before which it was impossible to pass.

By Robert Bencer

Washington, Nov. 12.—America and the allied forces face now the great problem of smashing rebellion in Germany and the Bolshevik movement in Europe. President Wilson in his address to congress announcing the armistice terms made an appeal to the German people to quickly get their bearings in the present situation. Dr. Solf, German foreign minister has sent an appeal to the President to soften the conditions imposed upon Germany by her enemies and to assist Germany in preventing rebellion.

FROM HERE AND THERE

A British army lieutenant who was lately killed in France, and had been of all souls consists in their abiding in God's will. Towards this union with King George humbly requesting His Majesty to apply the same to the rest of the nation's debt.

Abiding in God's Will.

The peace, freedom, and blessedness of all souls consists in their abiding in God's will. Towards this union with King George humbly requesting His Majesty to apply the same to the rest of the nation's debt.

WILSON ISSUES PROCLAMATION TO CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—"America's great war work now is to assist in establishing the justice of democracy throughout the world," declared President Wilson in a proclamation announcing the signing of the armistice today.

He said: "My fellow countrymen, the armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to establish by friendly council and material aid in establishing the justice of democracy throughout the world."—Woodrow Wilson. The President then ordered that all of the government departments be given a holiday.

WEBB MILLER TELLS OF CLOSING SECONDS OF THE WORLD CONFLICT

By WEBB MILLER

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 11, 2:10.—Motorcycle couriers hurried over the roads today shouting "It's over, boys," as column after column of mud splattered men came back from the trenches.

I actually saw doughboys fox trotting in the middle of the roads. I met a group who had evidently not heard the news. When I told them they turned from grim men to laughing boys.

Shortly before 11:00 o'clock the American gunners stood with watches in hand as the last minutes sped away, firing right up to the last and saving the shell cases of the final rounds as souvenirs.

The British army stopped fighting where they entered the war—Mons.

HOHENZOLLERNS AND HAPSBURGS EXTINCT AS RULERS OF NATIONS.

The ruling house of Hohenzollern has been wiped out and with it the nobility, root and branch, of the former empire. With it, too, the house of Hapsburg with the weakling Karl and the former Empress now reported refugees in Switzerland.

Germany is teeming rapidly toward a Republic and will probably be controlled by the Socialists. The revolution which is bringing about the downfall of the most absolute monarchy in Europe is practically without blood shed.

MEN WHO HAVE WRECKED THE ONCE GREAT GERMAN EMPIRE



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This is a reproduction of a photograph published in Berlin only a few months ago under the heading "Aus Grosser Zeit," which freely translated means "During the Glorious Reign" of Wilhelm. They are all in the picture—the Kaiser, Hindenburg, Von Thieritz and the rest of the junkies who, having forced Germany to its knees before Marshal Foch, are substituting "naster" for "nubers" in the motto that exalts the derision of the victors: "Deutsch der Sieger."—Deutscher Arbeiter.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12, 1918.

Foreign Minister Solf is reported to be dissatisfied with the peace terms and has appealed to the German navy to reject and refuse them. It was not to be supposed that many of the German military would entirely agree to the terms and look upon the as satisfactory. Let us hope that Minister Solf succeeds in getting the navy out in the open. The allies will then have a chance to completely obliterate all trace of a strong arm of the German military machine. It would be a grand finish to a grand job. Besides, the naval forces have been aching for a fight and want one whirl at Heine before quitting.

We desire to make a word of explanation to our subscribers. Yesterday evening we printed an extra edition which was put on sale on the streets of Clearfield. Much of the contents of that extra are incorporated in the news of today. This extra edition was not mailed to subscribers or delivered to regular subscribers. We have, on certain occasions, mailed and delivered extra editions to all our subscribers without charge but in this case the tremendous expense of maintaining night and day forces has made it necessary to curtail our philanthropy. The main reason, however, why the extra edition was not delivered free was that the New Federal Law forbids our giving any papers away.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION WILL BE CONTINUED FOR PRESENT

To The Public in District No. 1:

Telegraphic orders from headquarters received today directs the stopping of the induction of all men for the army, including those for whom competent orders for individual induction have been issued. The local board, therefore, will not forward any more men to camps for the present, or until different orders are received.

These orders do not include men on calls now outstanding, pending, or to be hereafter issued for the induction of men into the navy or the marines. Until different orders are received by the local board the physical examinations of Class 1 men will be proceeded with according to orders now out.

Questionnaires will be mailed at an early date to the 18 year registrants and their classification will be proceeded with under orders contained in telegrams received this day.

By Order of the Board,
JOHN M. BAIN
Chief Clerk

Friends of Reginald Stevens of Woodland, who was taken ill about the time his company embarked for overseas have received word of his safe arrival overseas. Stevens is a hugler in an engineer company.

The greatest depth of the Atlantic ocean is over five miles. Nearly one-half the ocean, however, is only from a mile to two miles deep; the rest varies from less than a mile to more than three miles and a half in depth.

WAR'S DESTRUCTION

London, Nov. 12.—The Express estimated the casualties of the European nations as follows: Germany 6,900,000; Austria 4,500,000; France 4,000,000; Great Britain, 2,900,000; Turkey, 750,000; Belgium, 350,000; Russia, 6,200,000; Bulgaria 200,000. With estimated figures of Russia and the others not included above the list the Express estimated will total 28,000,000 men.

America's casualties reported to date number 70,000 and many thousands more will be added later. At least 20,000 British have been killed in naval service and Great Britain has lost 11 battle ships, 3 battle cruisers, 10 armored cruisers, 7 light cruisers, 54 boats, 6 torpedo boats, 14 submarines and 95 minor craft including 33 auxiliary cruisers and light trawlers.

OBITUARY

EPHRIAM L. DENTON

Ephriam L. Denton died at his home in McCartney, October 28, 1918, after being ill for eight days of influenza and pneumonia.

Mr. Denton formerly lived at Carnwath, but moved to McCartney just recently to continue his work in the coal business. He leaves his wife, Annie Wallace Denton, and six children to mourn the loss of a good father and a loving husband. The children are: Vera, aged 10; Willie, aged 12; Margaret, age 7; Elizabeth, age 6; Hannah, age 4 and a baby age 18 months. His father and mother are both living besides the following brothers and sisters: Ethel, May, Jane, Lena, Maggie, John, Leo and Willie.

Mr. Denton was born and raised at Beech Tree Pa., and was one of the strong, hardy men of this section. He had countless friends in this vicinity and they extend to the family and friends their sympathy in this hour of affliction and bereavement.

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS

Owing to the influenza epidemic the local war work committee was for a time unable to arrange for meetings at the various mines, manufacturing plants and railroad yards. It is now possible to arrange for such meetings for the latter half of this week, and any employer desiring to have one at his plant should communicate at once with either of the undersigned, who will provide speakers.

United War Work Com.

J. E. Phillips

Chairman Speakers Bureau

P. B. Reed,

Borough Chairman

TERMS OF THE ARMISTICE

As Read to Congress by President Wilson

I. MILITARY CLAUSES ON WESTERN FRONT:

FIRST. Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signature of the armistice.

SECOND. Immediate evacuation of invaded countries: Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left the above-mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the Allied and United States forces jointly will keep pace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

THIRD. Reparation beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

FOURTH. Surrender in good condition by the thousand guns (2500 heavy, 2500 field), 30,000 machine guns, 3000 minenwerfer, 2000 airplanes (fighters, bombers—mostly D. 7s and night bombing machines). The above to be delivered in situ to the Allies and the United States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

Line of Army Designated

FIFTH. Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities, under the control of the Allied and United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by Allied and United States garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at these points in thirty-kilometer (eighteen miles) radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and a line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers (twenty-five miles) to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gernshelm and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers (eighteen miles) from the east of stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhine lands shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all nineteen days after the signature of the armistice. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

SIXTH. In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact, as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipment not removed during the period fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impeded in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Road and means of communication of every kind, railroad, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraph, telephones, shall be in no manner impeded.

Rolling Stock to Be Seized

SEVENTH. All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, 50,000 wagons and 10,000 motor lorries in good working order, with all necessary spare parts and fittings, shall be delivered to the associated Powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and materials for the upkeep of permanent ways, signal, and repair shops left entire in situ and kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the Rhine shall be returned to them. A note appended regulates the details of the evacuation.

EIGHTH. The German command shall be responsible for restoring all mines and delay mines disposed on territory evacuated by the German troops and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all destructive measures that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

NINTH. The right of requisition shall be exercised by the Allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation in the Rhine land (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German Government.

TENTH. An immediate repatriation without reciprocity, according to detailed conditions which shall be fixed, of all Allied and United States prisoners of war. The Allied Powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

ELEVENTH. Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel, who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

II. DISPOSITION RELATIVE TO THE EASTERN FRONTIERS OF GERMANY:

TWELFTH. All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

THIRTEENTH. Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructions, personnel and civilians as well as military agents, now on the territory of Russia as defined before 1914 to be recalled.

FOURTEENTH. German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking which tends to exhaust supplies needed for Germany, in Rumania and Turkey on the 15th of August, 1919.

FIFTEENTH. The evacuation of the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest and the signature of new treaties.

SIXTEENTH. The Allies shall have a right of search in all German territory for arms, munitions, and other material which may have been hidden or secreted.

III. CLAUSE CONCERNING EAST AFRICA:

SEVENTEENTH. Evacuation and capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

IV. GENERAL CLAUSES:

EIGHTEENTH. Repatriation, without reciprocity, within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported who may be citizens of other Allied or associated States than those mentioned in Clause III, paragraph 19, with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the Allies and the United States of America remain unaffected.

NINETEENTH. The following financial conditions are required: Reparation for damage done. While such armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the Allies for the recovery or reparation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposit in the National Bank of Belgium and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, together with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that Power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the Allies until the signature of peace.

V. NAVAL CONDITIONS:

TWENTIETH. Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated Powers, all questions of neutrality being waived.

TWENTY-FIRST. All naval and mercantile powers prisoners of war of the Allied and associated Powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

TWENTY-SECOND. Surrender to the Allies and the United States of America of 160 German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine-laying submarines), with their complete armament and equipment, in ports which will be specified by the Allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allied Powers and the United States of America.

Warships to Be Surrendered

TWENTY-THIRD. The following German surface warships, which shall be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, shall forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports or, for the want of them, in Allied ports, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and placed under the surveillance of the Allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely:

Six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine layers, fifty destroyers of the most modern type. All other surface warships (including river craft) are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.) are to be disarmed.

TWENTY-FOURTH. The Allies and the United States of America shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters, and the positions of those are to be indicated.

TWENTY-FIFTH. Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marine of the Allied and associated Powers, to secure to the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy all German forts, fortifications, batteries and defense works of all kinds in all the entrances from the Cater into the Baltic, and to sweep up all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters without any question of neutrality being raised, and the positions of all such mines and obstructions are to be indicated.

Allied Blockade to Remain

TWENTY-SIXTH. The existing blockade conditions existing in the Allies and associated Powers are to remain in force, and all German merchant ships, found in violation, are to be liable to capture.

TWENTY-SEVENTH. All naval aircraft are to be surrendered by the Allies and United States of America.

TWENTY-EIGHTH. In evacuating the Belgian coast and ports Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, lighters, cranes and all other harbor material, all materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and all materials and stores, all arms and armaments, and all tools and apparatus of all kinds.

TWENTY-NINTH. All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions, seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the Allies and the United States of America; all neutral merchant vessels seized are to be released; all warlike and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in Clause 25 are to be abandoned.

Merchantment Must Be Restored

THIRTIETH. All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the Allied and associated Powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

THIRTY-FIRST. No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

THIRTY-SECOND. The German Government will notify the neutral Governments of the world, and particularly the Governments of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland, that all their vessels placed on the coasting of their vessels with the Allied and associated Powers, whether by the German Government or by private German interests, and whether in return for certain concessions, such as the export of shipbuilding materials or not, are immediately canceled.

THIRTY-THIRD. No transfers of German money or other property shall be made to any neutral Power, or to any other Power, after the signature of the armistice.

VI. DURATION OF ARMISTICE:

THIRTY-FOURTH. The armistice shall remain in force until the peace treaty is signed, and shall be extended for a period of three months after the signature of the armistice.

VII. TIME LIMIT FOR REPLY:

THIRTY-FIFTH. The armistice to be accepted or rejected by Germany within twenty-four hours of notification.

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H. J. Flegal



ESTATE OF JOSEPH MARTELLOTTI, DECEASED

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Joseph Martellotto, late of Rosebud, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Angelina Martellotto, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay and file a probated account of the same.

Signed,
ANGELINA MARTELLOTTI,
Administratrix.

A. R. CHASE, Attorney,
Clearfield, Pa. N5-1ow-4w

NOTICE

We have received a shipment of Lysodin and can now supply your demands for this efficient disinfectant. Our free delivery is at your service.

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HOW RHEUMATISM BEGINS

The excruciating agonies of rheumatism are usually the result of failure of the kidneys to expel poisons from the system. In a majority of cases rheumatism is an indication that uric acid has prevailed the system. If the irritation of these uric acid crystals is allowed to continue incurable bladder or kidney disease may result. Attend to it at once. The sick kidneys must be restored to health by the use of some sterling remedy which will prevent a return of the disease.

Get some GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil capsules immediately. They are a standard world famous medicine in use for over two hundred years. They have brought back the joy of life to countless thousands of sufferers from rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, and other affections of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs.

They will attack the poisons at once, clear out the kidneys and urinary tract and the soothing healing oils and herbs will restore the inflamed tissue and organs to normal health.

GOLD MEDAL is the original Haarlem Oil imported direct from the home laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. American office, 116 Beckman St. N. Y. All others are imitations. Ask for GOLD MEDAL in the box. Three sizes at all good drug stores.

Miners of Great Britain have raised \$1,500,000 for motor ambulances for the soldiers.

REAL ESTATE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

Mrs. A. M. Aughenbaugh will sell her home in Lawrence township near Pine Grove at public sale on Saturday, November 16th. The property is in good location with good water, etc. A lot of household goods and quantity of hay will also be disposed of at the same time.

For information address A. H. Aughenbaugh, Clearfield, Pa. N12-3x

CONSTIPATION

Is best treated by a vegetable remedy that only drives out the poisonous waste that takes in the lower bowels.

Celery King

Is sure and acts without discomfort. Use it for sick headache, colds and febrile condition. Same old remedy in the same old box.

Mammoth Sale of Vollrath Enamelware

Following our usual custom we will place on sale hundreds of pieces of this unmatched enamelware. There is about everything of a nature that will make your kitchen equipment more efficient and, taking the price into consideration, you will find something here that will be of wonderful use to you.

All large articles—dishpans, tea-kettles, coffee pots, dripping pans—all the large articles that should be sold for a much higher price.

98c

WILLIAM F. POWELL

S. SECOND ST.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THINK---PLAN---ACT!

THINK---

of the sense of independence that a bank account affords.

PLAN---

to spend wisely and save just as much as possible.

ACT---

not a week, month or year hence, but today—Now!

Our Officers will welcome your Savings Account.



Classified Ads For Everybody

WANTED

WANTED—Men roomers for furnished rooms. Inquire at 10 Fifth St. N9-6t

WANTED—Roomers. All modern conveniences and house has recently been repapered and done over like new. Apply Mrs. Minnie Snook, 310 Reed street. N12-5t

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Three or four good steady miners. Apply Austin Haney & Son, Clearfield, Pa., or call H. & C. 58x N8-tfc

WANTED—Man and wife to take care of house for elderly lady in New York state. Good wages for reliable people. Apply by letter to The Progress, marking the letter with the letter "X" N12-2wc

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—House and lot to good teamster. Good steady man wanted. Apply to Austin Haney at the county commissioner's office. O24-tfc

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Five passenger Ford in good running condition. For sale cheap to quick buyer. Inquire at Progress office. N12-3tc

FOR SALE—1918 model Ford touring car in good condition. Terms cash. Inquire of Progress. N12-2t

LOST

LOST—Mouthpiece for a baritone horn. Somewhere between the diamond and P. R. R. station Monday morning. Finder please return to Mike Valenza, 609 5th St. N12-1tp

LOST—A white and black spotted hound dog. Sometime last Wednesday. Had collar and chain. Reward if returned to Howard Stewart, Clearfield, Pa. N12-3tp

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night. Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream alim from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

WOODLAND MAN HAD AUTO SMASH

Steve Kukla, of Woodland, is a patient in the Clearfield hospital, as the result of his automobile getting away from him on Bigler avenue hill and crashing into Abe Novey's junk pile. The accident happened about 5:30 yesterday evening. The driver was pretty badly used up and the machine is also a wreck.

The Australian government is seriously considering the suggestion made to them to cause rain, and so overcome the drought difficulty, by sending aeroplanes up above visible clouds which refuse to liquify and come down in drops, and to scatter salt on their "silver linings." It is claimed that this sea seasoning will produce a rainy season by liquefying the clouds.

Years of
Experience
Plus
Reliable Insurance
Helmholz & Stewart
Clearfield, Pa.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

Many disappointments were met with Saturday afternoon and evening by young men who have been held in quarantine leash for some weeks back, being unable to get out of town to visit with lady loves or to transact other business. The Board of Health and the Borough Council, acting in conjunction with the larger majority of the citizens, thought it wise and proper to continue the quarantine restrictions for at least another week, or probably a little longer. It does seem sort of hard to be prevented from leaving your home town for a visit with folks you have not seen for some weeks, yet the disappointment did not fall on the shoulders of a few, but of the entire populace. Everything is being done for the best and as Curwensville has fought the epidemic so successfully and kept the cases down to such a small proportion, no one should find fault. This is the first time in the town's history when it became necessary to follow out such strict lines to prevent the whole populace from being down and few to wait on them. There may be a little hard feeling existing toward those in authority for enforcing such strict measures Saturday night, but all enmity will be forgotten with passing time. Some very flabby excuses were offered to Sec. Tate in order to secure a permit to go to DuBois, Grampian or Clearfield, those asking the permission thinking that the quarantine had been lifted in those towns, but any and all persons applying for permission to leave home nests for a few hours had to produce almost iron-clad accounts of what business was taking them out of town before one could be obtained. It was just wonderful the volume of business that had to be transacted Saturday night in the above mentioned towns by Curwensville people. But taking the four weeks of quarantine it has proved a severe test on the nerves of those whose duty it was to carry it through to the end, risking financial loss and friendships heretofore enjoyed. It is to be hoped that Curwensville will never have to endure another like experience.

Mr. and Mrs. William Daub, of Ridge avenue received a telegram Saturday announcing the death of Mr. Edward Drake, of Salite, Huntingdon county, the cause of his demise being Spanish influenza. He was aged about 35 years and is survived by a widow and four children. He was a prominent farmer in his community. Mr. and Mrs. Daub did not attend the funeral on account of the strict quarantine regulations maintained all along the line.

Saturday was a payday at many of the industries in this vicinity. A good many thousands of dollars was paid to the men employed about the different plants. After paying the store bills, etc., the men went home, a good many of them having money in their pockets Monday morning that they probably would not have had if they had been permitted to leave town Saturday and Sunday.

A commendable fact about the Curwensville boys is this: A large majority of them, under seventeen years of age, when school closed for the epidemic, hustled around and hauled up a job of some sort by which they could accumulate a little surplus fund to see them through the Christmas festivities and buy a few presents for loved ones at home and abroad.

Apple butter making is now the main occupation of the farmer.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs.

Spanish Influenza can be prevented easier than it can be cured.

At the first sign of a shiver or sneeze, take



Standard cold remedy for 26 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Edlin's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Frank Minihmet at their home on Saturday night. As the little one is the first to arrive in the family circle there is much rejoicing by both the parents.

Grampian is about to launch another business enterprise which will bring the town and its people into a closer connection with the outside world. Local people are complying with all laws and regulations which will allow them to start a bank for their own town. Good people are said to be identified with the movement and that a sufficient amount of capital will not be lacking. It is said that the name of the new bank will be Grampian State or National Bank, and will commence doing business not later than January. The town of Grampian is progressive in its way, and with brick yards and large coal mines near the town, assures the stock holders of the new bank a solid financial foundation upon which to build a successful business.

Earl Clark, known to his intimate friends and chums as "Bowser," son of Chief of Police Guy B. Clark, who has been spending some time in the Oklahoma oil fields, is home on a visit to kin folks. "Bowser" is now one of Uncle Sam's servants, and is awaiting orders to report at Camp Humphreys, Cal. where he is scheduled to enter an officers' training school. Give Bowser half a chance and he will make good.

Mrs. M. P. Henry spent her 82d birthday in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Kester one day last week. It was Ruth Anna Bloom's 62d wedding anniversary. The old ladies spent a most pleasant day together and no doubt many reminiscences of their early life were recalled.

Speaking of doctors reminds us of the time when the removal of a physician proved a good thing for him in the end. Having due respect for some of his relatives yet living we suppress the name, although there was nothing in the transaction derogatory to the character then or for years after.

Murray for Banana Peel "Gets-It"

Only Real Way to Get Rid of Corns

Which do you prefer, a corn that boils or a corn that peels? Butcher or "Gels-it"? Only "Gels-it" can get rid of your corn the peeling way, the blessed way. You don't need a pull. Why hump yourself up on the floor and with your jaws set and eyes popping from pain, jerk and gouge and eat your corn? Why irritate your toes with some salve or



"Corns Never Trouble Me, I Use 'Gels-it'!"
wrap your toe into a big painful bundle with some sticky tape or plaster? Life is too short. Use "Gels-it". It takes a few seconds to apply and there's no fussing. Corn-pains go. Wear new shoes if you want. Peel off the corn with your fingers, the whole thing, root and all, clear and clean and it's gone! Only "Gels-it" can do this. Take no chances. "Gels-it" is guaranteed, no money back, no question, the only sure way out of a corn at any drug store. Manufactured by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

PRESIDENT BROPHY APPEALS TO MINERS TO HELP WAR FUND

Hon. Allison O. Smith
County Chairman
United War Work Campaign
Clearfield, Pa.

Dear Sir:
The armistice is signed. Peace is now assured. But I agree with you that the United War Work Campaign should be pressed vigorously so that our share of the \$170,000,000 quota be raised.

Among the soldiers and sailors "over there" and "over here," the need for those comforts and attentions furnished by the various war work organizations, that is the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., National Catholic War Council (K. of C.), Jewish Welfare board, War Camp Community service, American Library association and the Salvation Army, during the coming months will be just as great, in fact greater than it has been during active fighting days.

There are between 7,000 and 8,000 of our members from the Central Pennsylvania district in the service and I feel sure those of us at home will stand by the boys and will respond liberally to this call as they have done to all such requests in the past.

With best wishes for a very successful campaign, I am

Yours very truly
JOHN BROPHY
President.

The first newspaper came into existence when written accounts of the imperial armies of Rome were sent to the generals in command in all parts of the provinces.

London uses four hundred million gas mantles each year.

ter. This doctor came here in early forties or fifties and resided in a house on the hill opposite to where Hugh Irvin lives. There were more physicians here when he came than there was professional services for. He hung on for several years, and finally became so poor that he asked aid from the town and people. He wanted to get away but was too poor financially. Finally a novel plan was hit upon to assist him in his dilemma. A raftsmen came forward and acted the good Samaritan by agreeing to take him, his family and household goods to a point down river on his raft on the first flood. This plan was carried out and the doctor, family and goods landed in a then thriving lumber town down river. Here the doctor pitched his tent and having no competition soon waxed warm in plenty and a good business. He saw golden opportunities in timber and every dollar that he could save from the practice of medicine he invested in timber and land. He kept this system up for a good many years, and a number of years before his death was rated as one of the wealthiest men in the lower end of the county. Had he remained in Curwensville he would probably have struggled along from hand to mouth until death claimed him and relieved him from his burden. As it was he sold his timber and coal interests and removed to a large town where he enjoyed the conveniences and luxuries his wealth afforded. There are a number of Curwensville people today, who are up in years of course, who would remember this man and his circumstances well while he was a resident here, should we but mention his name.

A good deal of flu is being reported from the near rural districts, mainly out toward the ridge settlement. The Winebold and Askey families are sorely afflicted and some other cases are reported to be in families on the road farther out. Several cases are of a rather serious nature, but the majority are of the ordinary slight degree and with the proper care will pull through all right.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

"The Paper That Goes Home and Stays"

CLEARFIELD, PA., November 5, 1918

To Our Patrons,

Clearfield and Vicinity.

Gentlemen:

Owing to the labor shortage we found it necessary to entirely discontinue our line of job printing some three months ago and since that time have refused practically all business because of our inability to produce good work and on required time.

We now have our job printing department organized and ask that we be favored with your orders.

We are prepared to take on all kinds of printing except ruled forms of considerable size. In the interest of paper conservation we will print no sale bills or placards larger than 11 inches by 14 inches.

A good stock of that old reliable Hammermill Bond for letter heads has just been received.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS.

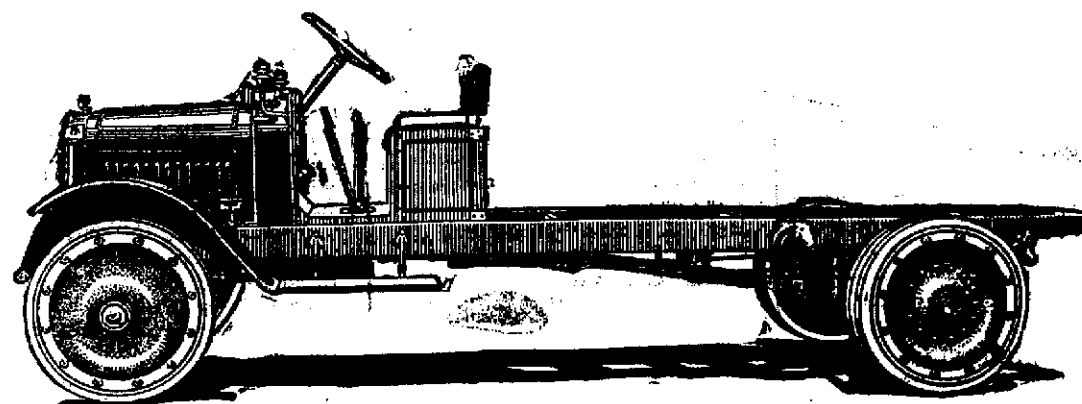
CARD OF THANKS

A striking illustration of the advance in the value of pearls was bought in 1863 at a London jeweller's for \$550 was sold for \$7,500.

Seventeen members of the British parliament have been killed in the present war.

Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Beckman's Alternative, the tonic and builder of 20 years' successful use. 8c and \$1.50 bottles from druggists, or from BECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia.



Republic Quality

Republic Trucks are quality trucks through and through. From the moment they are designed by Republic engineers who specialize on trucks and truck problems to the time when paint and varnish is applied, quality is the one thought in mind.

All material is tested and re-tested physically and chemically to make doubly sure that it is of the highest quality and strength. Every part is over-size and over-strength and of the type best fitted to perform the work required of it. High standards of workmanship are rigidly adhered to in every manufacturing operation and every truck is extra-tested to prove its ability to stand up in the most strenuous service.

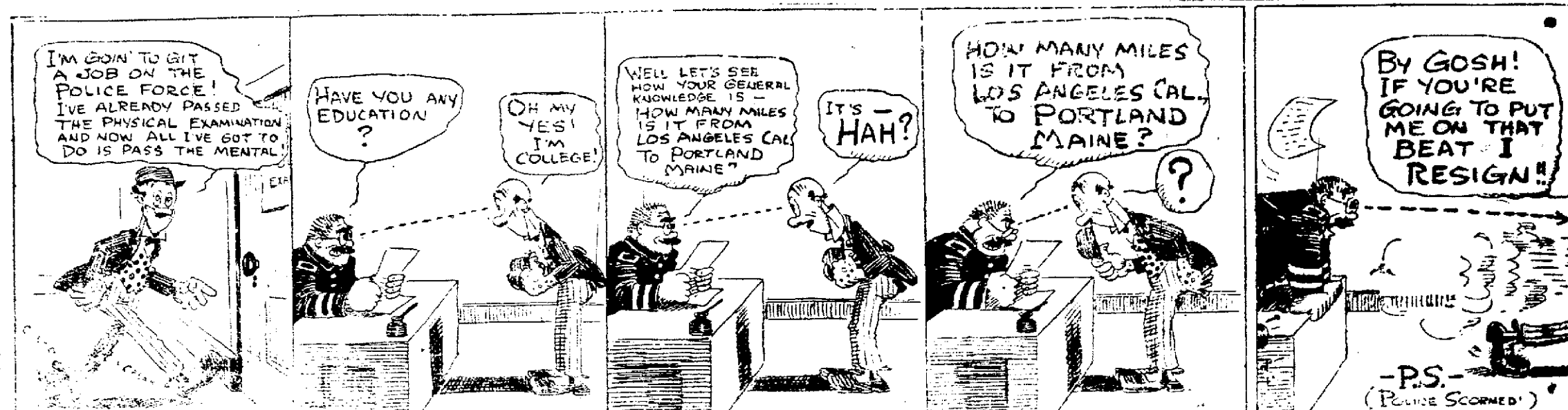
It is this strict insistence on quality that has made Republics give uniformly satisfactory service to their owners. And it is quality and service combined that have created the phenomenal demand for Republic Trucks. Republic produces and sells more than twice as many trucks as any other manufacturer.

We would like the opportunity of telling you more about this remarkable Republic record.

Clearfield Central Garage Co.
Rear Dimching Hotel
Clearfield, Pa.



MR. T. WAD WAS THINKING SOME OF JOINING THE POLICE FORCE.



BY GALE.

Statement of the
COUNTY NATIONAL BANK
of Clearfield, Pa.At the close of business, Sept. 1, 1918
(Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of Currency)

RESOURCES	
Investments, less demand	
loans	\$4,184,494.95
Overdrafts	4,239.11
United States bonds	1,685,243.78
Banking house, furniture	
and fixtures	49,012.44
Due from United States	
Treasurer	25,000.00
Interest earned but not	
collected	27,267.87
Cash Resources	
Cash on hand	139,706.94
Due from	
banks	1,185,185.87
Demand loans on	
collateral	126,816.34
	1,451,709.15
Total	\$7,426,967.30
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	500,000.00
Surplus and	
net profits	727,276.25
taxes	53,861.19
Circulation	493,900.00
Due to banks	5,147.06
Dividends unpaid	2,343.90
Bills payable (Federal Re-	
serve Bank)	100,000.00
Deposits	5,543,839.80
Total	\$7,426,967.30

DIRECTORS

Fred G. Betts
William Bigler
A. L. Forcey
H. L. Forcey
R. L. Fulton
John Kennard
James A. McPherson
W. Clark Miller
J. B. Neving
James P. O'Laughlin
W. B. Potter
H. B. Powell
Ed. L. Shirey
W. J. Usher
A. K. Wright

Statement of the
CLEARFIELD NATIONAL BANK
Clearfield, Penna.Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of the Currency
November 1, 1918

RESOURCES	
Investments	\$ 957,847.12
United States Bonds	402,600.00
Certificates of Indebted-	
ness	160,000.00
War Savings Stamps	521.46
Bonds, securities, etc.	275,760.00
Bank building & fixtures	49,642.79
Overdrafts	2,742.97
Due from banks	75,450.16
Cash	42,376.95
	\$1,966,941.45

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	\$ 200,000.00
Surplus Fund	200,000.00
Undivided profits	45,057.70
Dividends Unpaid	250.00
Circulation	198,100.00
Payments on Liberty Loan	64,984.83
Due to banks	746.60
Due depositors	1,257,304.32
	\$1,966,941.45

OFFICERS

James Mitchell President
H. S. Whiteman, Jr., V. Pres. & Cash

DIRECTORS

Hon. Singleton Bell William I. Bett-
A. Wright Bigler Dean H. Bloom-
John Dimeling Ralph E. Good
A. E. Leitzinger James Mitchell
Hazard Murray H. S. Whiteman, Jr.

BAGHACHE, LUMBAGO
AND RHEUMATIC PAINS
VANISH OVERNIGHT20th Century Linctment Always Ready. Just
Rub It On. Guaranteed

"You can rub your money back," says your
doctor. "If you use 20th Century Linctment, you
drive that money back. It drives the pain and
ache from your tired, aching back and
limbs."
20th Century Linctment never disappoints
and will neither burn nor blister. It brings
quick relief from neuralgia, the common pain
and twinges, sprains and all aches of the
nerves and muscles.
Don't think that because 20th Century Lin-
ctment doesn't smart, burn and blister it isn't
doing good. It brings comfort, soothing
relief with the first rub. Try it tonight and
morning. If it doesn't do all and more than
we claim for it, take the bottle back to your
dealer and he will return your money
without question. All drug stores carry 20th
Century.

Rubber Goods
Have Not Advanced

Contrary to general opinion,
such rubber goods as you'd ex-
pect to find in a drug store like
this have not advanced in price
as other things have.

And nowhere will you find a
better assortment of those
things for the sick room that
make for the earlier recovery
of the patient.

Glance at our window. That
may be something you're look-
ing for.

STEWART'S DRUG STORE
The San Toy Store

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

The following casualties are re-
ported by the commanding general of
the American Expeditionary forces
today:

Killed in action	363
Died of wounds	138
Died of accident and other	
causes	7
Died of disease	225
Wounded (degree undetermined)	10
Wounded severely	115
Wounded slightly	215
Missing in action	170

Total 1198

The following Pennsylvanians are
a today's list:

Killed in Action

Lieutenants

John H. Fox, Philadelphia.

Sergeant Major

Harold H. Barr, Hanover.

Sergeants

Charles B. Leader, Bedford.

Bernhard F. Schlegel, Westchester.

Thomas J. Kennedy, Larksville.

Frank Hoxworth, Doylestown.

Corporals

Harry F. Beatty, Erie.

Richard L. Cassidy, Johnsonburg.

Paul E. Eckenroth, Bloomsburg.

Charles L. Guthrie, Williamsport.

Harold R. Peters, Troy.

Wagener

Erwin E. Sayers, York.

Cook

Roy M. Hunter, Scalp Level.

Privates

Thomas M. Ambers, Norristown.

Thomas H. Davies, Plymouth.

David Diamond, Philadelphia.

Carmine DiBisce, Wilson.

Charles R. Diehl, Dry Run.

Edward T. Kane, Shenandoah.

Francis E. Kearney, Chest Springs.

Franklin G. Bollinger, Bedford.

George V. Cooke, Erie.

Paul E. Cupp, Kittanning.

William A. Ernst, Philadelphia.

Frederick C. Mason, Ohio Pyle.

John E. Roberts, Philadelphia.

Frederick J. Baumgartner, Phila-
delphia.

Filippo Benincasa, Pottsville.

Charles Coyle, Philadelphia.

John A. Eisele, Philadelphia.

Joe Janors, Carnegie.

Frank D. Herbert, Wilkinsburg.

Clyde F. Jones, Russell.

Michael J. Konik, North Braddock.

Frank Kowamasky, Shenandoah.

Francis M. Krall, Mount Joy, Lan-
caster County.

Harry J. Krivonak, Latrobe.

Charles J. Langham, Marion Cente-
Frank Luci, Erie.

August C. Schuler, Finland.

Milton Stern, Philadelphia.

William F. Waidler, Sheridan.

Harry D. Miller, Coplay.

Carl O. Pahl, Philadelphia.

Richard J. Rorke, Clifton Heights.

Walter R. Schoultz, Philadelphia.

Joseph Schultz, Scranton.

Fred C. Schwab, Pittsburgh.

George Strong, Latrobe.

Died from Wounds

Sergeant

Robert G. Troy, Monessen.

Corporal

John Keenan, Philadelphia.

Report of Condition of The
BITUMINOUS NATIONAL BANK
Winburne, Pa.
At the close of business Nov. 1, 1918

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts

\$158,875.19

Overdrafts

147.47

Circulation bonds

50,000.00

Liberty bonds

40,027.06

U. S. Certificates

5,000.00

Securities (other than U. S.)

4,000.00

Federal Reserve

2,100.00

Banking house and fix-
tures

5,920.20

Lawful reserve

30,911.67

Cash on hand and due
from other banks

19,692.57

Other assets

1,513.12

\$521,365.39

LIABILITIES

Capital stock

50,000.00

Surplus

25,000.00

Undivided profits

5,161.16

Circulation

50,000.00

Demand deposits

169,614.12

Certified and cashier's
checks

2,528.17

Unpaid dividends

6.00

Other demand deposits

221,066.61

Interest and Discount

613.87

Due other banks

312.68

\$521,365.39

State of Pennsylvania, County of
Clearfield:I, Walter Stewart, cashier of the
above named bank, do solemnly swear
that the above statement is true and
correct to the best of my knowledge
and belief.

WALTER STEWART, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of November, 1918.

W. D. BURMAN

Notary Public

Privates
Joseph Evanick, Donora.
William W. Kotzen, Philadelphia.
Harry Davis, Girardville.
Luigi Gavazi, Elmora.
Harry L. Abbott, Meadville.
Leroy Bryan, Royaton.
Austin Frankenholtz, Coopersburg.
Curtis L. Graham, LeContes Mills.
Leo C. Joller, Pittsburgh.
Francis N. Naughton, Harrisburg.
John E. Schiele, Trevorton.
William Smith, Reading.
Anthony Welenc, Troop.

Died from Accident and Other Causes

Privates

Ray E. Berner, Glen Carbon.

Died of Disease

Sergeants

Thomas J. McCann, Philadelphia.

Nurses

Anna M. McMullen, Allentown.

Privates

Nelson J. Armes, Sonestown.

Wendell C. Huff, Van

Bolestow Koszaki, Philadelphia.

John Rafferty, Phoenixville.

George W. Rhoads, Leighton.

Graham B. Watt, Philadelphia.

Ollie O. Hartzell, Emington.

William B. Pfommer, Philadelphia.

Horace F. Shupard, Bridgeport.

George J. Schuster, Sharpshurg.

Clarence Stettler, Stroudsburg.

Ralph G. Walker, Scottsdale.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined)

Lieutenants

Norman D. Finley, Philadelphia.

Jacob M. Shinkel, Philadelphia.

Corporals

Alton A. Cook, Pittsburgh.

Robert R. Kohler, Alburtis.

Privates

George Barth, Philadelphia.

John E. Fahy, Philadelphia.

Alfred Hayes, Oliver.

Frank A. Heffron, Beach Chuck.

Thomas F. Jordan, Philadelphia.

Herbert Nagel, Philadelphia.

William H. Ross, Bethlehem.

Wounded Severely

Sergeant

Henry S. Rogers, Philadelphia.

Privates

Harry P. Foot, Bedford.

Wounded Slightly

Sergeants

Claude E. Lewis, New Milford.

Corporals

Thomas F. Roberts, St. Clair.

Privates

Winfield S. Allenbaugh, Allentown.

Manuel L. Carpenter, Scranton.

Claude H. Rowles, Clearfield.

Albert Dippel, Philadelphia.

Tony Parushak, Coalbald.

Henry J. Rosette, Port Allegheny.

Lloyd R. Aze, Lemon Place.

Patrick Foley, Pittsburgh.

Thomas D. Glenn, Pittsburgh.

Paul H. Hamill, Ligonier.

Albert B. Larson, Scranton.

Franklin L. Minnick, Philadelphia.

Raymond G. Nagle, Nazareth.

Elmer Root, Reading.

George R. Shaffer, Wayneboro.

Herman C. Wilder, Cumberland.

Missing in Action

Sergeants

Clarence S. Klopffer, Bethlehem.

James A. Barke, Byrnesville.

Corporals

Henry Gessner, Trevorton.

Frederick R. Gilson, Philadelphia.

Harry Baha, Philadelphia.

Alexander Kun, Philadelphia.

Edward T. Reynolds, Philadelphia.

Louis F. Trapp, Philadelphia.

Bugler

Joseph A. Nicholas, Philadelphia.

Wagener

John B. Dempsey, Mahanoy City.

Privates

John J. Burkit, Bethlehem.

Herman F. Danlgren, Annot.

Vincenzo D. Angelo, Bryn Mawr.

Adam J. Fause, Lykens.

James J. Fitzpatrick, Port Clinton.

James M. Gibson, Danville.

Joseph T. Girmscheid, Philadelphia.

Dale Grey, Muncy.

James A. Haldeman, Spring City.

Charles S. Hanman, Pennsburg.

John A. Janny, Philadelphia.

Lester Jones, Danville.

Raymond Jones, Philadelphia.

Ernest Keeling, Jr., Newcaste.

John P. Kellcher, Ardmore.

Thomas P. Kelley, Mehta.

Henry Kresh, Harrisburg.

Raymond N. Kutz, Catawqua.

Howard N. Lehauch, Union City.

Henry H. Lutz, Oliphant.

William Matison, Kennett Square.

Guzel Matasank, Blackstock.

Edwin B. Nagel, Bogertown.

Patrick J. Naughton, Philadelphia.

George F. Noida, Williamsport.

William R. O'Brien, Philadelphia.

Erich R. Otter, Ligonier.

Andrew Peck, Philadelphia.

Nathan Plachman, Philadelphia.

Edward J. Spang, Philadelphia.

George E. Stern, Philadelphia.

Fred Stone, Columbia Cross Roads.

Samuel D. Stutz, Philadelphia.

Howard M. Aeschel, Monticello.

Edward M. Aeschel, Monticello.

Theodore Bruner, Philadelphia.

William J. Baker, Philadelphia.

Severine Decker, Kona, Hawaii.

Leroy Decker, Philadelphia.

John E. Harty, Philadelphia.

Alex J. Lutz, Philadelphia.

Samuel Lutz, Philadelphia.

H. J. Lutz, Philadelphia.

J. M. Lutz, Philadelphia.

DRAFT MACHINERY
IS SLOWED DOWN
FOR THE PRESENT

GERMANS WILL ATTEMPT DIPLOMATIC OFFENSIVE IS VIEW OF LATEST MOVE

DR. SOLF'S APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT STUDIED EFFORT AT DIVIDING ALLIED NATIONS BEFORE PEACE CONFAB

APPEAL TO SAILORS PURE BLUFF

Germany's military leaders have not yet given up the ghost and its reactionary statesmen will still play—or attempt to play—international politics. That was the one construction placed today upon the appeal of Dr. Solf, of the Berlin foreign office to President Wilson. Solf asked the President to use his influence to secure modification of the armistice terms. It is believed that this is the opening gun of a peace offensive with the hope of splitting the Allies on the questions to come before the peace table. While it is thought that the former iron-handed government of Germany will not obtain anything in the way of modification of terms, the President will have his mind upon the condition of the German people and will do all possible to ameliorate their condition as soon as they show a willingness and ability to govern themselves.

A threat by some of the German naval officers and the Soldier's Soviet to resist turning over a portion of the navy to the Allies caused little concern. America pursued its steady course today following the momentous flash that climaxed the most revolutionary 48 hours in the world's history. The question in business circles today was whether congress will modify its eight billion dollar revenue bill now as the virtual ending of the war, and the great question before the masses today was whether or not the war department will immediately send the boys home. Both of these were answered. The House Finance committee stated that excess profits of war contracts will pay the nation's war debts and there is no indication that the great bill will have any of its provisions changed. The government will require a large army for some time and it is largely improbable that any men now in uniform will be quick-released.

No reports of serious disturbances in Germany have been received in the United States up to mid-afternoon.

London, Nov. 12.—The British admiralty wireless has picked up a message from "the Commanders' and Soldiers' council" of the German war-ship Stassburg, addressed to all ships, torpedo boats, destroyers and submarines in the North sea and the Baltic. The message quotes extracts from the armistice which mean the destruction of us all; German comrades defend your country against this unheard-of presumption. Strong English forces are reported off the Skaw. Submarines in the Baltic except those on out post duty assemble at once in the Samsitz harbor.

That the armistice has aroused a new spirit of fight in some quarters of Germany was indicated by reports that the German fleet was ordered by the "Commanders' and Soldiers' council" to resist carrying out of the armistice terms. While any opposition to the German fleet could be disposed of promptly by the United States and the Allied forces President Wilson is virtually considering a prompt checking of the Bolshevik movement. He has promised the German people as soon as they restore order "a peace which our justly define their place among the nations" and one which "will enable them to live in security and contentment." Thus he appealed for order quickly. He warned that until then there is nothing for the United States and the associated nations to do but wait "with sympathy and patience for the awakening that will assuredly come at last."

In This Life.

We hear much of love to God, Christ spoke much of love to man. We make a great deal of peace with heaven. Christ made much of peace on earth. Religion is not a strange or added thing, but the inspiration of the secular life, the breathing of an eternal spirit through this temporal world.

Man and His Faith.

Faith is the sub-stratum of life; so that a man will be as he believes, and will believe as he lives.—Wm. M. Taylor.

DONATION OF \$1000 TO BIG WAR FUND CHEERS THE LEADERS

The big war work drive has started off with a rush in Clearfield. The various committees are on their toes to oversubscribe their allotment. The local headquarters was cheered Saturday night by an unsolicited check for \$1000 from one of the most prominent and large hearted business men. It is felt that this gift is a good omen, coming as it did before the drive was really under way and there are rumors of other large gifts to be received in the near future.

With the whole town wild with joy over the confirmation of the peace news, the local officials feel that there is no danger of our not backing up the boys. On the contrary, the whole thought and feeling of everyone seems to be "Well, they've put it over as we knew they would. The sky is the limit. Nothing is too good for them."

It is realized, however, that even with the enthusiasm in the air, there can be no let up of effort in view of the large amount to be raised. It will need the largest possible subscription from the man of small means, as well as the most generous gifts of the wealthiest citizens. If we are to reach the allotment, let alone oversubscribe it. The quota for Clearfield county is \$165,000 of which Clearfield town is depended upon for a very large part. We know the cause for which this money is asked. We know that the boys need our support now more than ever, and that it will be a year, possibly two years, before they can all come home. Let us meet the solicitors with a smile and with our strongest financial support. Then when those boys do come home, we can look them in the eye and say "You did your duty until you were mustered out. So did we."

BOARD OF HEALTH NOTICE

Believing the conditions warrant such action the board of health directs that the ban against saloons, theatres, schools and other public assemblages be lifted to take effect Thursday morning, November 14th. The churches will open Sunday, November 17th.

By order of
BOARD OF HEALTH
John M. Urey, Secretary.

One and a half million men are needed to man and maintain the British navy.

DEMONSTRATION TO CELEBRATE VICTORY WAS A HUMMER

Well "The Day" has arrived. It was not "der tag" that one once Kaiser Bill and his goose-stepping baby killers used to toast and glut over; it was even a bigger day than that. It was the day when humanity throught the world rejoiced over the destruction and battering to pieces of the greatest and most ruthless war machine or war-making nation in the world's history.

The United States of America, the deciding factor in the crushing and blotting out of autocracy celebrated right royally, and it sure was fitting that this expression of the unbounded joy of our people be had and be given free rein.

Everybody did it. From Maine to California and Labrador to Florida the conditions and results were the same. The proud, happy American people simply raised L.

We did our share and Clearfield from the time The Progress made the announcement of the signing of the armistice at 3 a. m. was simply puffed up with the importance of doing the thing right. Nobody or a very few people had nerve enough to essay their usual daily avocations in the face of the general rejoicing and in consequence nobody worked, not even father.

They were all there with that noise. Well, however, and from early morning until we hit the hay about 11 p. m. the racket and din kept up. The record for long distance sticking to it was earned by the Third Ward Hose company and their fire truck while our Italian allies ran them a close second. The Italians were particularly happy over the great showing made by their native and adopted countries in the war for liberty and democracy and they showed it by the warmth and fervor of their rejoicing.

The parade at 7:30 was a magnificent spectacle and was participated in by several hundred automobiles and several thousand wildly enthusiastic citizens. Mayor Chase, with Marshals John M. Bain, Jack Eadie and C. E. Hoover were in charge and they handled the big mob in a highly capable manner.

The principal streets were traversed and when the march was finished at the court house corner the streets four ways from the diamond were a solid mass of humanity.

All were good natured and needed not did they have much if any artificial encouragement to get gay and make merry. Our Italian allies decorated the electric light pole with their early morning effigy of the Kaiser but Tony Martin headed another delegation with a stuffed figure labeled "Emperor Kark viva la Italia" on a push cart which August Sansone trundled over the route of parade.

FLU SITUATION GOOD; ONE DEATH TODAY BAN TO GO THURSDAY

The influenza situation in Clearfield continues to get better daily despite the fact that according to reports of several of the doctors twenty-five new cases were visited yesterday, one physician claiming to have had fourteen new cases in his jurisdiction.

That there will be occasional cases here and there throughout the community for many weeks following the real epidemic goes without saying; that danger from the epidemic is past is equally true. Therefore, while every necessary precaution should be taken and as near an absolute quarantine as possible should be maintained in every home where the disease exists, it seems to us that the general business quarantine should be lifted in justice to the people generally affected. Every necessary precaution should and we believe has been taken, now let us resume normal conditions and have everybody get down to business.

The local health authorities adjourned to be congratulated upon the manner in which they handled the situation in Clearfield. Very much of the burden of stamping out the epidemic fell upon the capable shoulders of Borough Solicitor John M. Urey, who acted as secretary of the Board of Health through the emergency.

There was one death at the emergency hospital this morning. Mrs. Edgar Schoening of Textile avenue, passed away at 2:15 o'clock. Her death is peculiarly sad at this time, because her husband is with Gen. Pershing's army in France. She also leaves a little baby, born since the husband and father went overseas.

Mrs. Schoening developed pneumonia following an attack of influenza. She was 21 years of age.

There were but 28 patients at the upper emergency hospital this morning and 11 at the High school.

It is the intention to remove the patients from the High school building to the Children's Home tomorrow in order to give the school board an opportunity to get the building in shape for the resumption of school there on Monday next. All the patients are in shape to be moved except Miss Stewart, the nurse who contracted the disease in line of duty, and as she is somewhat improved today it is hoped she will be in condition to make the trip tomorrow.

It is the purpose of the local board of health now to open the schools, churches and business places on Thursday morning and if present conditions continue the official order allowing such opening will be issued and published tomorrow.

It was a great occasion and was very much enjoyed by everybody. Now let us get down to business.

EARLY PEACE CONFERENCE REGARDED AS UNLIKELY

Fred S. Ferguson

Paris, Nov. 12.—An early peace conference is not expected. It will be necessary for the Inter-Allied council first to organize, stabilize, and encourage the baby democracies released from the grasp of the Hohenzollern-Hapsburg mutualization. Although none of the Allied conferees can be quoted privately they lauded President Wilson's political offensive and declared it comparable to General Foch's military offensive. Germany's attempt at a political offensive failed as completely as did her effort of July on the military front. The unanimous agreement on the armistice terms at Versailles confronted Germany with a diplomatic Chateaux Thierry before which it was impossible to pass.

By Robert Bencer

Washington, Nov. 12.—America and the allied forces face now the great problem of smashing rebellion in Germany and the Bolshevik movement in Europe. President Wilson in his address to congress announcing the armistice terms made an appeal to the German people to quickly get their bearings in the present situation. Dr. Solf, German foreign minister has sent an appeal to the President to soften the conditions imposed upon Germany by her enemies and to assist Germany in preventing rebellion.

FROM HERE AND THERE

A British army lieutenant who was lately killed in France, and had been of all souls consists in their abiding in God's will. Towards this union with King George "humbly requesting His Majesty to apply the same to the rest of the nation."—Meister Eckhart.

Abiding in God's Will.

The peace, freedom, and blessedness of all souls consists in their abiding in God's will. Towards this union with King George "humbly requesting His Majesty to apply the same to the rest of the nation."—Meister Eckhart.

WILSON ISSUES PROCLAMATION TO CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—"America's great war work now is to assist in establishing the justice of democracy throughout the world," declared President Wilson in a proclamation announcing the signing of the armistice today.

He said: "My fellow countrymen, the armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to establish by friendly council and material aid in establishing the justice of democracy throughout the world."—Woodrow Wilson. The President then ordered that all of the government departments be given a holiday.

WEBB MILLER TELLS OF CLOSING SECONDS OF THE WORLD CONFLICT

By WEBB MILLER

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 11, 2:10.—Motorcycle couriers hurried over the roads today shouting "It's over, boys," as column after column of mud splattered men came back from the trenches.

I actually saw doughboys fox trotting in the middle of the roads. I met a group who had evidently not heard the news. When I told them they turned from grim men to laughing boys.

Shortly before 11:00 o'clock the American gunners stood with watches in hand as the last minutes sped away, firing right up to the last and saving the shell cases of the final rounds as souvenirs.

The British army stopped fighting where they entered the war—Mons.

HOHENZOLLERNS AND HAPSBURGS EXTINCT AS RULERS OF NATIONS.

The ruling house of Hohenzollern has been wiped out and with it the nobility, root and branch, of the former empire. With it, too, the house of Hapsburg with the weakling Karl and the former Empress now reported refugees in Switzerland.

Germany is teeming rapidly toward a Republic and will probably be controlled by the Socialists. The revolution which is bringing about the downfall of the most absolute monarchy in Europe is practically without blood shed.

MEN WHO HAVE WRECKED THE ONCE GREAT GERMAN EMPIRE



This is a reproduction of a photograph published in Berlin only a few months ago under the heading "The Victorious Allies." They are all in the picture—the Kaiser, Hindenburg, Von Thieritz and the rest of the junkers who, having forced Germany to its knees before Marshal Foch, are substituting "victors" for "victims" in the motto that exalts the derision of the victors: "Deutschland über Alles."

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12, 1918.

Foreign Minister Solf is reported to be dissatisfied with the peace terms and has appealed to the German navy to reject and refuse them. It was not to be supposed that many of the German military would entirely agree to the terms and look upon the as satisfactory. Let us hope that Minister Solf succeeds in getting the navy out in the open. The allies will then have a chance to completely obliterate all trace of a strong arm of the German military machine. It would be a grand finish to a grand job. Besides, the naval forces have been aching for a fight and want one whirl at Heine before quitting.

We desire to make a word of explanation to our subscribers. Yesterday evening we printed an extra edition which was put on sale on the streets of Clearfield. Much of the contents of that extra are incorporated in the news of today. This extra edition was not mailed to subscribers or delivered to regular subscribers. We have, on certain occasions, mailed and delivered extra editions to all our subscribers without charge but in this case the tremendous expense of maintaining night and day forces has made it necessary to curtail our philanthropy. The main reason, however, why the extra edition was not delivered free was that the New Federal Law forbids our giving any papers away.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION WILL BE CONTINUED FOR PRESENT

To The Public in District No. 1:
Telegraphic orders from headquarters received today directs the stopping of the induction of all men for the army, including those for whom competent orders for individual induction have been issued. The local board, therefore, will not forward any more men to camps for the present, or until different orders are received. These orders do not include men on calls now outstanding, pending, or to be hereafter issued for the induction of men into the navy or the marines. Until different orders are received by the local board the physical examinations of Class 1 men will be proceeded with according to orders now out.

Questionnaires will be mailed at an early date to the 18 year registrants and their classification will be proceeded with under orders contained in telegrams received this day.

By Order of the Board,
JOHN M. BAIN
Chief Clerk

Friends of Reginald Stevens of Woodland, who was taken ill about the time his company embarked for overseas have received word of his safe arrival overseas. Stevens is a hugler in an engineer company.

The greatest depth of the Atlantic ocean is over five miles. Nearly one-half the ocean, however, is only from a mile to two miles deep; the rest varies from less than a mile to more than three miles and a half in depth.

WAR'S DESTRUCTION

London, Nov. 12.—The Express estimated the casualties of the European nations as follows: Germany 6,900,000; Austria 4,500,000; France 4,000,000; Great Britain, 2,900,000; Turkey, 750,000; Belgium, 350,000; Russia, 6,200,000; Bulgaria 200,000. With estimated figures of Russia and the others not included above the list the Express estimated will total 26,000,000 men.

America's casualties reported to date number 70,000 and many thousands more will be added later. At least 20,000 British have been killed in naval service and Great Britain has lost 11 battle ships, 3 battle cruisers, 10 armored cruisers, 7 light cruisers, 54 boats, 6 torpedo boats, 14 submarines and 95 minor craft including 33 auxiliary cruisers and light trawlers.

OBITUARY

EPHRIAM L. DENTON

Ephriam L. Denton died at his home in McCartney, October 28, 1918, after being ill for eight days of influenza and pneumonia.

Mr. Denton formerly lived at Carnwath, but moved to McCartney just recently to continue his work in the coal business. He leaves his wife, Annie Wallace Denton, and six children to mourn the loss of a good father and a loving husband. The children are: Vera, aged 10; Willie, aged 12; Margaret, age 7; Elizabeth, age 6; Hannah, age 4 and a baby age 18 months. His father and mother are both living besides the following brothers and sisters: Ethel, May, Jane, Lena, Maggie, John, Leo and Willie.

Mr. Denton was born and raised at Beech Tree Pa., and was one of the strong, hardy men of this section. He had countless friends in this vicinity and they extend to the family and friends their sympathy in this hour of affliction and bereavement.

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS

Owing to the influenza epidemic the local war work committee was for a time unable to arrange for meetings at the various mines, manufacturing plants and railroad yards. It is now possible to arrange for such meetings for the latter half of this week, and any employer desiring to have one at his plant should communicate at once with either of the undersigned, who will provide speakers.

United War Work Com.
J. E. Phillips
Chairman Speakers Bureau
P. B. Reed,
Borough Chairman

TERMS OF THE ARMISTICE

As Read to Congress by President Wilson

I. MILITARY CLAUSES ON WESTERN FRONT:

FIRST. Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signature of the armistice.

SECOND. Immediate evacuation of invaded countries: Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered as to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left the above-mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the Allied and United States forces jointly will keep pace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.

THIRD. Reparation beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.

FOURTH. Surrender in good condition by the thousand guns (2500 heavy, 2500 field), 30,000 machine guns, 3000 minenwerfer, 2000 alpine (lighters, bombers—firstly D. 7, and night bombing machines). The above to be delivered in situ to the Allies and the United States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid down in the annexed note.

Line of Army Designated

FIFTH. Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities, under the control of the Allied and United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by Allied and United States garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at these points in thirty-kilometer (eighteen miles) radius on the right bank and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and a line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers (twenty-five miles) to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gernshelm and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers (eighteen miles) from the east of stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhine lands shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all nineteen days after the signature of the armistice. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

SIXTH. In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no evacuation of inhabitants; no damage or harm shall be done to the persons or property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be delivered intact, as well as military stores of food, munitions, equipment not removed during the period fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impeded in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Road and means of communication of every kind, railroad, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraph, telephones, shall be in no manner impaired.

Rolling Stock to Be Seized

SEVENTH. All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, 50,000 wagons and 10,000 motor lorries in good working order, with all necessary spare parts and fittings, shall be delivered to the associated Powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period together with all pre-war personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and materials for the upkeep of permanent ways, signal, and repair shops left entire in situ and kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the Rhine shall be restored to them. A note appended regulates the details of the evacuation.

EIGHTH. The German command shall be responsible for restoring all mines and delay mines discovered on territory evacuated by the German troops and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall at once reveal all destructive measures that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

NINTH. The right of requisition shall be exercised by the Allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation in the Rhine land (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German Government.

TENTH. An immediate repatriation without reciprocity, according to detailed conditions which shall be fixed, of all Allied and United States prisoners of war. The Allied Powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

ELEVENTH. Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel, who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

II. DISPOSITION RELATIVE TO THE EASTERN FRONTIERS OF GERMANY:

TWELFTH. All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

THIRTEENTH. Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructions, personnel and civilians as well as military agents, now on the territory of Russia as defined before 1914 to be recalled.

FOURTEENTH. German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other undertaking which tends to exhaust supplies needed for Germany, in Rumania and Turkey on the 15th of August, 1919.

FIFTEENTH. The evacuation of the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest and the signature of new treaties.

SIXTEENTH. The evacuation of the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest and the signature of new treaties.

III. CLAUSE CONCERNING EAST AFRICA:

SEVENTEENTH. Evacuation and capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

IV. GENERAL CLAUSES:

EIGHTEENTH. Repatriation, without reciprocity, within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported who may be citizens of other Allied or associated States than those mentioned in Clause III, paragraph 19, with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the Allies and the United States of America remain unaffected.

NINETEENTH. The following financial conditions are required: Reparation for damage done. While such armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the Allies for the recovery or reparation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposit in the National Bank of Belgium and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, together with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that Power. This gold to be delivered in trust to the Allies until the signature of peace.

V. NAVAL CONDITIONS:

TWENTIETH. Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated Powers, all questions of neutrality being waived.

TWENTY-FIRST. All naval and mercantile powers prisoners of war of the Allied and associated Powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity.

TWENTY-SECOND. Surrender to the Allies and the United States of America of 160 German submarines (including all submarine cruisers and mine-laying submarines), with their complete armament and equipment, in ports which will be specified by the Allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allied Powers and the United States of America.

Warships to Be Surrendered

TWENTY-THIRD. The following German surface warships, which shall be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, shall forthwith be disarmed and thereafter interned in neutral ports or, for the want of them, in Allied ports, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and placed under the surveillance of the Allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely:

Six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine layers, fifty destroyers of the most modern type. All other surface warships (including river craft) are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.) are to be disarmed.

TWENTY-FOURTH. The Allies and the United States of America shall have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters, and the positions of those are to be indicated.

TWENTY-FIFTH. Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marine of the Allied and associated Powers, to secure to the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy all German ports, fortifications, batteries and defense works of all kinds in all the entrances from the Cater into the Baltic, and to sweep up all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters without any question of neutrality being raised, and the positions of all such mines and obstructions are to be indicated.

Allied Blockade to Remain

TWENTY-SIXTH. The existing blockade conditions existing in the Allies and associated Powers are to remain in force, and all German merchant ships, found in violation, are to be liable to capture.

TWENTY-SEVENTH. All naval aircraft are to be surrendered by the Allies and United States of America.

TWENTY-EIGHTH. In evacuating the Belgian coast and ports Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, lighters, cranes and all other harbor material, all materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and all materials and stores, all arms and armaments, and all tools and apparatus of all kinds.

TWENTY-NINTH. All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions, seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the Allies and the United States of America; all neutral merchant vessels seized are to be released; all warlike and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in Clause 25 are to be abandoned.

Merchantment Must Be Restored

THIRTIETH. All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the Allied and associated Powers are to be restored in ports to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America without reciprocity.

THIRTY-FIRST. No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

THIRTY-SECOND. The German Government will notify the neutral Governments of the world, and particularly the Governments of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland, that all their vessels placed on the coasting of their vessels with the Allied and associated Powers, whether by the German Government or by private German interests, and whether in return for certain concessions, such as the export of shipbuilding materials or not are immediately canceled.

THIRTY-THIRD. No transfers of German property or of any other property to any neutral Power or to any other Power shall be permitted.

VI. DURATION OF ARMISTICE:

THIRTY-FOURTH. The armistice shall remain in force until the peace treaty is signed.

VII. TIME LIMIT FOR REPLY:

THIRTY-FIFTH. The armistice to be accepted or rejected by Germany within twenty-four hours of notification.

STYLE HEADQUARTERS

Where Society Brand Clothes Are Sold

Fall Overcoats

Our overcoats carry the Society Brand Label

This means they not only give you the protection essential to good health, but that they have the premier style, the wear that goes with good material and the workmanship that makes their style permanent.

In shades, texture and price, our line covers a wide range. Better look it over if you want an overcoat that will prove a paying investment.

Prices start at \$30.

H. J. Flegal



ESTATE OF JOSEPH MARTELLOTTI, DECEASED

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Joseph Martellotto, late of Rosebud, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Angelina Martellotto, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay and file a probated account of the same.

Signed,
ANGELINA MARTELLOTTI,
Administratrix.
A. R. CHASE, Attorney,
Clearfield, Pa. N5-1ow-4w

NOTICE

We have received a shipment of Lysodin and can now supply your demands for this efficient disinfectant. Our free delivery is at your service.

Phone 89x
DOOLEY'S DRUG STORE
N4-1f

HOW RHEUMATISM BEGINS

The excruciating agonies of rheumatism are usually the result of failure of the kidneys to expel poisons from the system. In a majority of cases rheumatism is an indication that uric acid has prevailed the system. If the irritation of these uric acid crystals is allowed to continue incurable bladder or kidney disease may result. Attend to it at once. The sick kidneys must be restored to health by the use of some sterling remedy which will prevent a return of the disease.

Get some GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil capsules immediately. They are a standard world famous medicine in use for over two hundred years. They have brought back the joy of life to countless thousands of sufferers from rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, and other affections of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs.

They will attack the poisons at once, clear out the kidneys and urinary tract and the soothing healing oils and herbs will restore the inflamed tissue and organs to normal health.

GOLD MEDAL is the original Haarlem Oil imported direct from the home laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. American office, 116 Beckman St. N. Y. All others are imitations. Ask for GOLD MEDAL in the box. Three sizes at all good drug stores.

Miners of Great Britain have raised \$1,500,000 for motor ambulances for the soldiers.

REAL ESTATE AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE

Mrs. A. M. Aughenbaugh will sell her home in Lawrence township near Pine Grove at public sale on Saturday, November 16th. The property is in good location with good water, etc. A lot of household goods and quantity of hay will also be disposed of at the same time.

For information address A. H. Aughenbaugh, Clearfield, Pa.

CONSTIPATION

Is best treated by a vegetable remedy that only drives out the poisonous waste that takes in the lower bowels.

Celery King

Is sure and acts without discomfort. Use it for sick headache, colds and febrile condition. Same old remedy in the same old box.

Mammoth Sale of Vollrath Enamelware

Following our usual custom we will place on sale hundreds of pieces of this unmatched enamelware. There is about everything of a nature that will make your kitchen equipment more efficient and, taking the price into consideration, you will find something here that will be of wonderful use to you.

All large articles—dishpans, tea-kettles, coffee pots, dripping pans—all the large articles that should be sold for a much higher price.

98c

WILLIAM F. POWELL

S. SECOND ST. CLEARFIELD, PA.

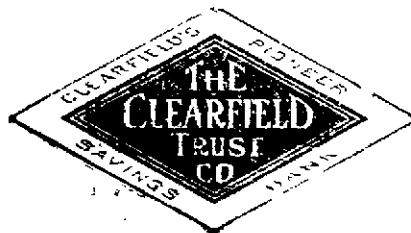
THINK---PLAN---ACT!

THINK--- of the sense of independence that a bank account affords.

PLAN--- to spend wisely and save just as much as possible.

ACT--- not a week, month or year hence, but today—Now!

Our Officers will welcome your Savings Account.



Classified Ads For Everybody

WANTED

WANTED—Men roomers for furnished rooms. Inquire at 10 Fifth St. N9-6t

WANTED—Roomers. All modern conveniences and house has recently been repapered and done over like new. Apply Mrs. Minnie Snook, 310 Reed street. N12-5t

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Three or four good steady miners. Apply Austin Haney & Son, Clearfield, Pa., or call H. & C. 58x N8-tfc

WANTED—Man and wife to take care of house for elderly lady in New York state. Good wages for reliable people. Apply by letter to The Progress, marking the letter with the letter "X" N12-2wc

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—House and lot to good teamster. Good steady man wanted. Apply to Austin Haney at the county commissioner's office. O24-tfc

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Five passenger Ford in good running condition. For sale cheap to quick buyer. Inquire at Progress office. N12-3tc

FOR SALE—1918 model Ford touring car in good condition. Terms cash. Inquire of Progress. N12-2t

LOST

LOST—Mouthpiece for a baritone horn. Somewhere between the diamond and P. R. R. station Monday morning. Finder please return to Mike Valenza, 609 5th St. N12-1tp

LOST—A white and black spotted hound dog. Sometime last Wednesday. Had collar and chain. Reward if returned to Howard Stewart, Clearfield, Pa. N12-3tp

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream alim from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed-up and miserable. Relief is sure.

WOODLAND MAN HAD AUTO SMASH

Steve Kukla, of Woodland, is a patient in the Clearfield hospital, as the result of his automobile getting away from him on Bigler avenue hill and crashing into Abe Novey's junk pile. The accident happened about 5:30 yesterday evening. The driver was pretty badly used up and the machine is also a wreck.

The Australian government is seriously considering the suggestion made to them to cause rain, and so overcome the drought difficulty, by sending aeroplanes up above visible clouds which refuse to liquify and come down in drops, and to scatter salt on their "silver linings." It is claimed that this sea seasoning will produce a rainy season by liquefying the clouds.

Years of
Experience
Plus
Reliable Insurance
Helmholz & Stewart
Clearfield, Pa.

NEWS OF OUR NEIGHBORS CURWENSVILLE

Many disappointments were met with Saturday afternoon and evening by young men who have been held in quarantine leash for some weeks back, being unable to get out of town to visit with lady loves or to transact other business. The Board of Health and the Borough Council, acting in conjunction with the larger majority of the citizens, thought it wise and proper to continue the quarantine restrictions for at least another week, or probably a little longer. It does seem sort of hard to be prevented from leaving your home town for a visit with folks you have not seen for some weeks, yet the disappointment did not fall on the shoulders of a few, but of the entire populace. Everything is being done for the best and as Curwensville has fought the epidemic so successfully and kept the cases down to such a small proportion, no one should find fault. This is the first time in the town's history when it became necessary to follow out such strict lines to prevent the whole populace from being down and few to wait on them. There may be a little hard feeling existing toward those in authority for enforcing such strict measures Saturday night, but all enmity will be forgotten with passing time. Some very flabby excuses were offered to Sec. Tate in order to secure a permit to go to DuBois, Grampian or Clearfield, those asking the permission thinking that the quarantine had been lifted in those towns, but any and all persons applying for permission to leave home nests for a few hours had to produce almost iron-clad accounts of what business was taking them out of town before one could be obtained. It was just wonderful the volume of business that had to be transacted Saturday night in the above mentioned towns by Curwensville people. But taking the four weeks of quarantine it has proved a severe test on the nerves of those whose duty it was to carry it through to the end, risking financial loss and friendships heretofore enjoyed. It is to be hoped that Curwensville will never have to endure another like experience.

Mr. and Mrs. William Daub, of Ridge avenue received a telegram Saturday announcing the death of Mr. Edward Drake, of Salite, Huntingdon county, the cause of his demise being Spanish influenza. He was aged about 35 years and is survived by a widow and four children. He was a prominent farmer in his community. Mr. and Mrs. Daub did not attend the funeral on account of the strict quarantine regulations maintained all along the line.

Saturday was a payday at many of the industries in this vicinity. A good many thousands of dollars was paid to the men employed about the different plants. After paying the store bills, etc., the men went home, a good many of them having money in their pockets Monday morning that they probably would not have had if they had been permitted to leave town Saturday and Sunday.

A commendable fact about the Curwensville boys is this: A large majority of them, under seventeen years of age, when school closed for the epidemic, hustled around and hauled up a job of some sort by which they could accumulate a little surplus fund to see them through the Christmas festivities and buy a few presents for loved ones at home and abroad.

Apple butter making is now the main occupation of the farmer.

A girl was born to Mr. and Mrs.

Spanish Influenza can be prevented easier than it can be cured.

At the first sign of a shiver or sneeze, take



Standard cold remedy for 26 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Edlin's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Frank Minihmet at their home on Saturday night. As the little one is the first to arrive in the family circle there is much rejoicing by both the parents.

Grampian is about to launch another business enterprise which will bring the town and its people into a closer connection with the outside world. Local people are complying with all laws and regulations which will allow them to start a bank for their own town. Good people are said to be identified with the movement and that a sufficient amount of capital will not be lacking. It is said that the name of the new bank will be Grampian State or National Bank, and will commence doing business not later than January. The town of Grampian is progressive in its way, and with brick yards and large coal mines near the town, assures the stock holders of the new bank a solid financial foundation upon which to build a successful business.

Earl Clark, known to his intimate friends and chums as "Bowser," son of Chief of Police Guy B. Clark, who has been spending some time in the Oklahoma oil fields, is home on a visit to kin folks. "Bowser" is now one of Uncle Sam's servants, and is awaiting orders to report at Camp Humphreys, Cal. where he is scheduled to enter an officers' training school. Give Bowser half a chance and he will make good.

Mrs. M. P. Henry spent her 82d birthday in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Kester one day last week. It was Ruth Anna Bloom's 62d wedding anniversary. The old ladies spent a most pleasant day together and no doubt many reminiscences of their early life were recalled.

Speaking of doctors reminds us of the time when the removal of a physician proved a good thing for him in the end. Having due respect for some of his relatives yet living we suppress the name, although there was nothing in the transaction derogatory to the character then or for years after.

Murray for Banana Peel "Gets-It"

Only Real Way to Get Rid of Corns

Which do you prefer, a corn that boils or a corn that peels? Butcher or "Gets-It"? Only "Gets-It" can get rid of your corn the peeling way, the blessed way. You don't need a pull. Why hump yourself up on the floor and with your jaws set and eyes popping from pain, jerk and gouge and eat your corn? Why irritate your toes with some salve or



"Corns Never Trouble Me, I Use 'Gets-It'!"
wrap your toe into a big painful bundle with some sticky tape or plaster? Life is too short. Use "Gets-It." It takes a few seconds to apply and there's no fussing. Corn-pains go. Wear new shoes if you want. Peel off the corn with your fingers, the whole thing, root and all, clear and clean and it's gone! Only "Gets-It" can do this. Take no chances. "Gets-It" is guaranteed, no money back, no question, the only sure way out of a corn at any drug store. Manufactured by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

PRESIDENT BROPHY APPEALS TO MINERS TO HELP WAR FUND

Hon. Allison O. Smith
County Chairman
United War Work Campaign
Clearfield, Pa.

Dear Sir:
The armistice is signed. Peace is now assured. But I agree with you that the United War Work Campaign should be pressed vigorously so that our share of the \$170,000,000 quota be raised.

Among the soldiers and sailors "over there" and "over here," the need for those comforts and attentions furnished by the various war work organizations, that is the Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., National Catholic War Council (K. of C.), Jewish Welfare board, War Camp Community service, American Library association and the Salvation Army, during the coming months will be just as great, in fact greater than it has been during active fighting days.

There are between 7,000 and 8,000 of our members from the Central Pennsylvania district in the service and I feel sure those of us at home will stand by the boys and will respond liberally to this call as they have done to all such requests in the past.

With best wishes for a very successful campaign, I am

Yours very truly
JOHN BROPHY
President.

The first newspaper came into existence when written accounts of the imperial armies of Rome were sent to the generals in command in all parts of the provinces.

London uses four hundred million gas mantles each year.

ter. This doctor came here in early forties or fifties and resided in a house on the hill opposite to where Hugh Irvin lives. There were more physicians here when he came than there was professional services for. He hung on for several years, and finally became so poor that he asked aid from the town and people. He wanted to get away but was too poor financially. Finally a novel plan was hit upon to assist him in his dilemma. A raftman came forward and acted the good Samaritan by agreeing to take him, his family and household goods to a point down river on his raft on the first flood. This plan was carried out and the doctor, family and goods landed in a then thriving lumber town down river. Here the doctor pitched his tent and having no competition soon waxed warm in plenty and a good business. He saw golden opportunities in timber and every dollar that he could save from the practice of medicine he invested in timber and land. He kept this system up for a good many years, and a number of years before his death was rated as one of the wealthiest men in the lower end of the county. Had he remained in Curwensville he would probably have struggled along from hand to mouth until death claimed him and relieved him from his burden. As it was he sold his timber and coal interests and removed to a large town where he enjoyed the conveniences and luxuries his wealth afforded. There are a number of Curwensville people today, who are up in years of course, who would remember this man and his circumstances well while he was a resident here, should we but mention his name.

A good deal of flu is being reported from the near rural districts, mainly out toward the ridge settlement. The Winebold and Askey families are sorely afflicted and some other cases are reported to be in families on the road farther out. Several cases are of a rather serious nature, but the majority are of the ordinary slight degree and with the proper care will pull through all right.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

"The Paper That Goes Home and Stays"

CLEARFIELD, PA., November 5, 1918

To Our Patrons,

Clearfield and Vicinity.

Gentlemen:

Owing to the labor shortage we found it necessary to entirely discontinue our line of job printing some three months ago and since that time have refused practically all business because of our inability to produce good work and on required time.

We now have our job printing department organized and ask that we be favored with your orders.

We are prepared to take on all kinds of printing except ruled forms of considerable size. In the interest of paper conservation we will print no sale bills or placards larger than 11 inches by 14 inches.

A good stock of that old reliable Hammermill Bond for letter heads has just been received.

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS.

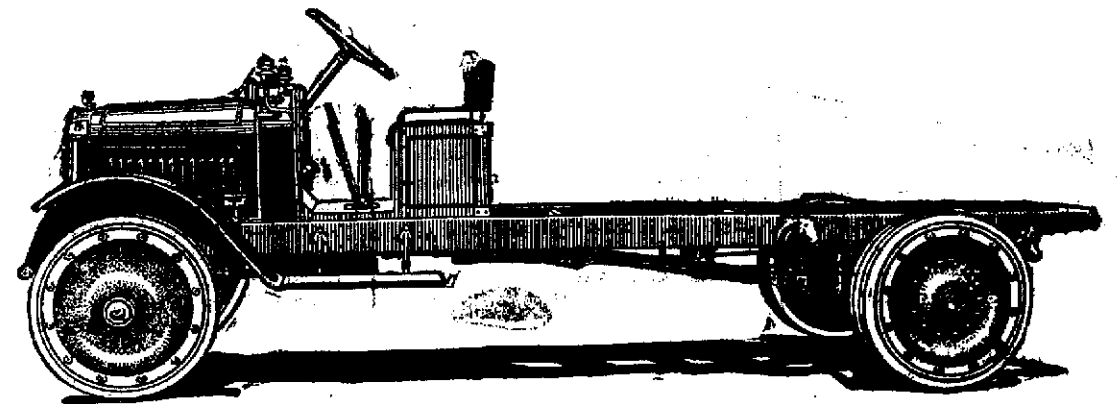
CARD OF THANKS

A striking illustration of the advance in the value of pearls was bought in 1863 at a London jeweller's for \$550 was sold for \$7,500.

Seventeen members of the British parliament have been killed in the present war.

Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Beckman's Alternative, the tonic and builder of 20 years' successful use. 8c and \$1.50 bottles from druggists, or from BECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia.



Republic Quality

Republic Trucks are quality trucks through and through.

From the moment they are designed by Republic engineers who specialize on trucks and truck problems to the time when paint and varnish is applied, quality is the one thought in mind.

All material is tested and re-tested physically and chemically to make doubly sure that it is of the highest quality and strength. Every part is over-size and over-strength and of the type best fitted to perform the work required of it. High standards of workmanship are rigidly adhered to in every manufacturing operation and every truck is extra-tested to prove its ability to stand up in the most strenuous service.

It is this strict insistence on quality that has made Republics give uniformly satisfactory service to their owners. And it is quality and service combined that have created the phenomenal demand for Republic Trucks. Republic produces and sells more than twice as many trucks as any other manufacturer.

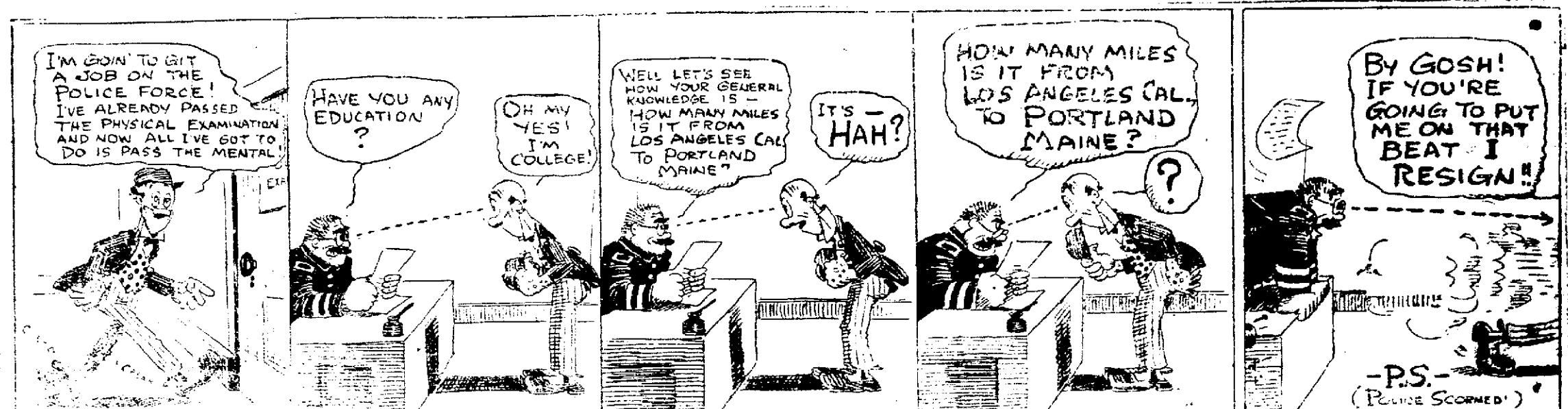
We would like the opportunity of telling you more about this remarkable Republic record.

Clearfield Central Garage Co.
Rear Dimching Hotel
Clearfield, Pa.



BY GALE.

MR. T. WAD WAS THINKING SOME OF JOINING THE POLICE FORCE.



Statement of the
COUNTY NATIONAL BANK
of Clearfield, Pa.At the close of business, Sept. 1, 1918
(Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of Currency)

RESOURCES	
Investments, less demand	
loans	\$4,184,494.95
Overdrafts	4,239.11
United States bonds	1,685,243.78
Banking house, furniture	
and fixtures	49,012.44
Due from United States	
Treasurer	25,000.00
Interest earned but not	
collected	27,267.87
Cash Resources	
Cash on hand	139,706.94
Due from	
banks	1,185,185.87
Demand loans on	
collateral	126,816.34
	1,451,709.15
Total	\$7,426,967.30
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	500,000.00
Surplus and	
net profits	727,276.25
taxes	53,861.19
Circulation	493,900.00
Due to banks	5,147.06
Dividends unpaid	2,343.90
Bills payable (Federal Re-	
serve Bank)	100,000.00
Deposits	5,543,839.80
Total	\$7,426,967.30

DIRECTORS

Fred G. Betts
William Bigler
A. L. Forcey
H. L. Forcey
R. L. Fulton
John Kennard
James A. McPherson
W. Clark Miller
J. B. Neving
James P. O'Laughlin
W. B. Potter
H. B. Powell
Ed. L. Shirey
W. J. Usher
A. K. Wright

Statement of the
CLEARFIELD NATIONAL BANK
Clearfield, Penna.Condensed from its report to the
Comptroller of the Currency
November 1, 1918

RESOURCES	
Investments	\$ 957,847.12
United States Bonds	402,600.00
Certificates of Indebted-	
ness	160,000.00
War Savings Stamps	521.46
Bonds, securities, etc.	275,760.00
Bank building & fixtures	49,642.79
Overdrafts	2,742.97
Due from banks	75,450.16
Cash	42,376.95
	\$1,966,941.45

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	\$ 200,000.00
Surplus Fund	200,000.00
Undivided profits	45,057.70
Dividends Unpaid	250.00
Circulation	198,100.00
Payments on Liberty Loan	64,984.83
Due to banks	746.60
Due depositors	1,257,304.32
	\$1,966,941.45

OFFICERS
President
H. S. Whiteman, Jr., V. Pres. & Cash
DIRECTORS
Hon. Singleton Bell William I. Bett-
A. Wright Bigler Dean H. Bloom-
John Dimeling Ralph E. Good
A. E. Leitzinger James Mitchell
Hazard Murray H. S. Whiteman, Jr.

BAGHACHE, LUMBAGO
AND RHEUMATIC PAINS
VANISH OVERNIGHT20th Century Liniment Always Ready. Just
Rub It On. Guaranteed

"You can try your money back," says your
druggist. "If 20th Century Liniment doesn't
drive that nerve-suffering lumbago and
pain from your tired, aching back and
limbs."
20th Century Liniment never disappoints
and will neither burn nor blister. It brings
quick relief from neuralgia, the common
and twinges, sprains and all forms of
nerve and muscle pain.
Don't think that because 20th Century Liniment
doesn't smart, burn and blister it isn't
doing good. It brings comforting, soothing
relief with the first rub. Try it tonight and
see if you don't feel like a whole new man
morning. If it doesn't do all and more than
we claim for it, take the bottle back to your
druggist and he will return your money
without question. All druggists can supply you.

Rubber Goods
Have Not Advanced

Contrary to general opinion,
such rubber goods as you'd ex-
pect to find in a drug store like
this have not advanced in price
as other things have.

And nowhere will you find a
better assortment of those
things for the sick room that
make for the earlier recovery
of the patient.

Glance at our window. That
may be something you're look-
ing for.

STEWART'S DRUG STORE
The San Toy Store

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

The following casualties are re-
ported by the commanding general of
the American Expeditionary forces
today:

Killed in action	363
Died of wounds	138
Died of accident and other	
causes	7
Died of disease	225
Wounded (degree undetermined)	10
Wounded severely	115
Wounded slightly	115
Missing in action	170

Total 1198

The following Pennsylvanians are
a today's list:

Killed in Action

Lieutenants

John H. Fox, Philadelphia.

Sergeant Major

Harold H. Barr, Hanover.

Sergeants

Charles B. Leader, Bedford.

Bernhard F. Schlegel, Westchester.

Thomas J. Kennedy, Larksville.

Frank Hoxworth, Doylestown.

Corporals

Harry F. Beatty, Erie.

Richard L. Cassidy, Johnsonburg.

Paul E. Eckenroth, Bloomsburg.

Charles L. Guthrie, Williamsport.

Harold R. Peters, Troy.

Wagener

Erwin E. Sayers, York.

Cook

Roy M. Hunter, Scalp Level.

Privates

Thomas M. Ambers, Norristown.

Thomas H. Davies, Plymouth.

David Diamond, Philadelphia.

Carmine DiBisce, Wilson.

Charles R. Diehl, Dry Run.

Edward T. Kane, Shenandoah.

Francis E. Kearney, Chest Springs.

Franklin G. Bollinger, Bedford.

George V. Cooke, Erie.

Paul E. Cupp, Kittanning.

William A. Ernst, Philadelphia.

Frederick C. Mason, Ohio Pyle.

John E. Roberts, Philadelphia.

Frederick J. Baumgartner, Phila-
delphia.

Filippo Benincasa, Pottsville.

Charles Coyle, Philadelphia.

John A. Eisele, Philadelphia.

Joe Janors, Carnegie.

Frank D. Herbert, Wilkinsburg.

Clyde F. Jones, Russell.

Michael J. Konik, North Braddock.

Frank Kowamasky, Shenandoah.

Francis M. Krall, Mount Joy, Lan-
caster County.

Harry J. Krivonak, Latrobe.

Charles J. Langham, Marion Cente-
Frank Luci, Erie.

August C. Schuler, Finland.

Milton Stern, Philadelphia.

William F. Waider, Sheridan.

Harry D. Miller, Coplay.

Carl O. Pahl, Philadelphia.

Richard J. Rorke, Clifton Heights.

Walter R. Schoultz, Philadelphia.

Joseph Schultz, Scranton.

Fred C. Schwab, Pittsburgh.

George Strong, Latrobe.

Died from Wounds

Sergeant

Robert G. Troy, Monessen.

Corporal

John Keenan, Philadelphia.

Report of Condition of The
BITUMINOUS NATIONAL BANK
Winburne, Pa.
At the close of business Nov. 1, 1918

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts

\$158,875.19

Overdrafts

147.47

Circulation bonds

50,000.00

Liberty bonds

40,027.06

U. S. Certificates

5,000.00

Securities (other than U. S.)

4,000.00

Federal Reserve

2,100.00

Banking house and fix-
tures

5,920.20

Lawful reserve

30,911.67

Cash on hand and due
from other banks

19,692.57

Other assets

1,513.12

\$521,365.39

LIABILITIES

Capital stock

50,000.00

Surplus

25,000.00

Undivided profits

5,161.16

Circulation

50,000.00

Demand deposits

169,614.12

Certified and cash's
checks

2,528.17

Unpaid dividends

6.00

Other demand deposits

221,066.61

Interest and Discount

613.87

Due other banks

312.68

\$521,365.39

State of Pennsylvania, County of
Clearfield:I, Walter Stewart, cashier of the
above named bank, do solemnly swear
that the above statement is true and
correct to the best of my knowledge
and belief.

WALTER STEWART, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 12th day of November, 1918.

W. D. BURMAN

Notary Public

Privates
Joseph Evanick, Donora.
William W. Kotzen, Philadelphia.
Harry Davis, Girardville.
Luigi Gavazi, Elmora.
Harry L. Abbott, Meadville.
Leroy Bryan, Royaltown.
Austin Frankenholtz, Coopersburg.
Curtis L. Graham, LeContes Mills.
Leo C. Joller, Pittsburgh.
Francis N. Naughton, Harrisburg.
John E. Schiele, Trevorton.
William Smith, Reading.
Anthony Welenc, Troop.

Died from Accident and Other Causes

Privates

Ray E. Berner, Glen Carbon.

Died of Disease

Sergeants

Thomas J. McCann, Philadelphia.

Nurses

Anna M. McMullen, Allentown.

Privates

Nelson J. Armes, Sonestown.

Wendell C. Huff, Van

Bolestown Koszaki, Philadelphia.

John Rafferty, Phoenixville.

George W. Rhoads, Leighton.

Graham B. Watt, Philadelphia.

Ollie O. Hartzell, Emington.

William B. Pfommer, Philadelphia.

Horace F. Shupard, Bridgeport.

George J. Schuster, Sharpshurg.

Clarence Stettler, Stroudsburg.

Ralph G. Walker, Scottsdale.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined)

Lieutenants

Norman D. Finley, Philadelphia.

Jacob M. Shinkel, Philadelphia.

Corporals

Alton A. Cook, Pittsburgh.

Robert R. Kohler, Alburtis.

Privates

George Barth, Philadelphia.

John E. Fahy, Philadelphia.

Alfred Hayes, Oliver.

Frank A. Heffron, Beach Chuk.

Thomas F. Jordan, Philadelphia.

Herbert Nagel, Philadelphia.

William H. Ross, Bethlehem.

Wounded Severely

Sergeant

Henry S. Rogers, Philadelphia.

Privates

Harry P. Foot, Bedford.

Wounded Slightly

Sergeants

Claude E. Lewis, New Milford.

Corporals

Thomas F. Roberts, St. Clair.

Privates

Winfield S. Allenbaugh, Allentown.

Manuel L. Carpenter, Scranton.

Claude H. Rowles, Clearfield.

Albert Dippel, Philadelphia.

Tony Parushak, Coalbrook.

Henry J. Rosette, Port Allegheny.

Lloyd R. Aze, Lemon Place.

Patrick Foley, Pittsburgh.

Thomas D. Glenn, Pittsburgh.

Paul H. Hamill, Ligonier.

Albert B. Larson, Scranton.

Franklin L. Minnick, Philadelphia.

Raymond G. Nagle, Nazareth.

Elmer Root, Reading.

George R. Shaffer, Wayneboro.

Herman C. Wilder, Cumberland.

Missing in Action

Sergeants

Clarence S. Klopffer, Bethlehem.

James A. Barke, Byrnesville.

Corporals

Henry Gessner, Trevorton.

Frederick R. Gilson, Philadelphia.

Harry Baha, Philadelphia.

Alexander Kun, Philadelphia.

Edward T. Reynolds, Philadelphia.

Louis F. Trapp, Philadelphia.

Bugler

Joseph A. Nicholas, Philadelphia.

Wagener

John B. Dempsey, Mahanoy City.

Privates

John J. Burkit, Bethlehem.

Herman F. Danlgren, Annot.

Vincenzo D. Angelo, Bryn Mawr.

Adam J. Fause, Lykens.

James J. Fitzpatrick, Port Clinton.

James M. Gibson, Danville.

Joseph T. Girmscheid, Philadelphia.

Dale Grey, Muncy.

James A. Haldeman, Spring City.

Charles S. Hanman, Pennsburg.

John A. Janny, Philadelphia.

Lester Jones, Danville.

Raymond Jones, Philadelphia.

Ernest Keeling, Jr., Newcaste.

John P. Kellcher, Ardmore.

Thomas P. Kelley, Mehta.

Henry Kresh, Harrisburg.

Raymond N. Kutz, Catawqua.

Howard N. Lehauch, Union City.

Henry H. Lutz, Oliphant.

William Matison, Kennett Square.

Guzel Matasank, Blackstock.

Edwin B. Nagel, Bogertown.

Patrick J. Naughton, Philadelphia.

George F. Noida, Williamsport.

William R. O'Brien, Philadelphia.

Erich R. Otter, Lenoir.

Andrew Peck, Philadelphia.

Nathan Plachman, Philadelphia.

Edward J. Spang, Philadelphia.

George E. Stern, Philadelphia.

Fred Stone, Columbia Cross Roads.

Samuel D. Stutz, Philadelphia.

Howard M. Aeschel, Monticello.

Edward M. ...

Theodore Bruner, Philadelphia.

William J. Baker, Philadelphia.

Severine Decker, Kona, Hawaii.

Leroy Decker, Philadelphia.

John E. ...

Alex J. ...

Samuel ...

H. ...

J. ...

DRAFT MACHINERY
IS SLOWED DOWN
FOR THE PRESENT

Washington, Nov. 11.—